ASTHMA ACTION PLAN

Take this ASTHMA ACTION PLAN with you when you visit your doctor

DOCTOR'S CONTACT DATE NEXT ASTHMA CHECK-UP DUE	DETAILS	EMERGENCY CONTACT DETAILS Name Phone Relationship
WHEN WELL Asthma under control (almost no sy	mptoms)	ALWAYS CARRY YOUR RELIEVER WITH YOU
Your preventer is: NAME & STRENGTH	OTHER INSTRUCTIONS [e.g. other medicines, trigger	Peak flow* [if used] above: avoidance, what to do before exercise]
WHEN NOT WELL Asthma getting worse (needing wasthma, asthma)	ng more reliever than usua	l, having more symptoms than usual,
Keep taking preventer: NAME & STRENGTH Take	OTHER INSTRUCTIONS	Peak flow* lif used) between and Contact your doctor o stop taking extra medicines
IF SYMPTOMS GET WORSE Severe asthmatic increasing displayed by the severy day	ifficulty breathing, waking o	

Peak flow (if used) below:

nationalasthma.org.au

Call an ambulance immediately Say that this is an asthma emergency

Keep taking reliever as often as needed

☐ Use your adrenaline autoinjector (EpiPen or Anapen)

* Peak flow not recommended for children under 12 years

DIAL 000 FOR

AMBULANCE

ASTHMA ACTION PLAN what to look out for

WHEN



THIS MEANS:

- · you have no night-time wheezing, coughing or chest tightness
- you only occasionally have wheezing, coughing or chest tightness during the day
- you need reliever medication only occasionally or before exercise
- you can do your usual activities without getting asthma symptoms

WHEN IOT WELL



THIS MEANS ANY ONE OF THESE:

- you have night-time wheezing, coughing or chest tightness
- vou have morning asthma symptoms when you wake up
- you need to take your reliever more than usual
- your asthma is interfering with your usual activities

THIS IS AN ASTHMA FLARE-UP

IF SYMPTOMS GET WORSE



THIS MEANS:

- you have increasing wheezing, cough, chest tightness or shortness of breath
- · you are waking often at night with asthma symptoms
- you need to use your reliever again within 3 hours

THIS IS A SEVERE ASTHMA ATTACK (SEVERE FLARE-UP)

DANGER SIGNS



THIS MEANS:

- your symptoms get worse very quickly
- you have severe shortness of breath, can't speak comfortably or lips look blue
- you get little or no relief from your reliever inhaler

CALL AN AMBULANCE IMMEDIATELY: DIAL 000 SAY THIS IS AN ASTHMA EMERGENCY

DIAL 000 FOR AMBULANCE

ASTHMA MEDICINES

PREVENTERS

Your preventer medicine reduces inflammation, swelling and mucus in the airways of your lungs. Preventers need to be taken **every day**, even when you are well.

Some preventer inhalers contain 2 medicines to help control your asthma (combination inhalers).

RELIEVERS

Your reliever medicine works quickly to make breathing easier by making the airways wider.

Always carry your reliever with you – it is essential for first aid. Do not use your preventer inhaler for quick relief of asthma symptoms unless your doctor has told you to do this.

To order more Asthma Action Plans visit the National Asthma Council website.

A range of action plans are available on the website –
please use the one that best suits your patient.

nationalasthma.org.au

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